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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) CR. NO. S-04-095-MCE
12) CR. NO. S-03-374-MCE Plaintiff,)
13) v.) GOVERNMENT'S RESPONSE TO
14) DEFENDANT'S SENTENCING NICHOLAS WILLIAM BLASGEN,) MEMORANDUM
15)
16	Defendant.)) Date: August 30, 2005
17) Time: 8:30 a.m.) Hon. Morrison C. England, Jr.
18) Hom. Morrison C. Engrand, Ur.
19	
20	Plaintiff, the United States of America, files this response
21	to the Defendant's Sentencing Memorandum. The defendant raises
22	two issues in his memorandum: (1) the Presentence Investigation
23	Report misstates a fact concerning the defendant's pre-trial
	computer access, and (2) a lesser fine should be imposed.
24	Nothing the defendant raised suggests that the sentence should be

anything other than 30 months incarceration at the low end of the

applicable sentencing range, a three year period of supervised

release, and a \$30,000 fine at the mid-range of the applicable guidelines.

The defendant raises an issue with paragraph 10 of the Presentence Investigation Report, in particular whether the defendant accessed his email from a computer, other than his own, the weekend before his guilty plea. The defense acknowledges that this "does not compel a formal objection under the local rules . . . " and should therefore not be considered.

Defendant's Sentencing Memorandum at 3.

Furthermore, the extent of the factual dispute is limited to essentially a pronoun. In a conversation I had with the defendant's Pretrial Services Officer, Sandra Hall, she indicated that paragraph 10 should be changed to reflect that "they checked his email" instead of "he checked his email" to reflect that the parents admitted they accessed the defendant's email. What is undisputed is that a computer other than the defendant's was used to access his email the weekend before his guilty plea. To the extent there is a factual dispute, it does not justify any material change in the defendant's sentencing.

As to the imposition of a \$30,000 fine, the fine is appropriate in light of the language in the plea agreement that the "defendant agrees to pay a fine as directed by the United States Probation Office based on his present and future ability to pay a criminal fine." Moreover, the parties have agreed and hereby stipulate that this fine is appropriate based on the language in the plea agreement and the fact that the fine is at the mid-range of the applicable sentencing guidelines. Defense

counsel is expected to withdraw her objection to the imposition of the \$30,000 fine at the sentencing hearing. Conclusion Accordingly, the government requests that this Court order the defendant to pay a \$30,000 fine and be sentenced to the low end of the applicable sentencing guidelines as agreed to by the parties and as recommended in the Presentence Investigation Report. Respectfully submitted, DATED: August 29, 2005 McGREGOR W. SCOTT United States Attorney By: _/s/_ LAURA L. FERRIS Assistant U.S. Attorney